n ACT for altering the twenty third article of the con-flitation and form of government of this flate, and such parts of the twenty-fifth and twenty-fixth articles of the same as respect the time of cheosing the governer and the ceuncil to the governor.

HEREAS it will greatly conduce to the promotion of public convenience, that the annual conflictational fession of the legislature should commerice on the third Monday in December inflead of the

first Monday in November,

U. Be it enacted, by the General Memble of Maryland,
That the time of holding the annual fession of the legislature, fixed by the constitution and form of government on the first Monday in November, shall, after the confirmation of this act, he changed to the third Monday in December in each year, and the first session under and by virtue of the alteration contemplated by this act thall be and commence on the third Monday irs December, one thousand seven hundred and ninety fix.

III. And be it enalled, That after the meeting of the general assembly of Maryland in virtue of this act, the annually on the Monday next after the commencement of each fession thereof, and that the council to the governor shall be appointed and elected annually on the Tuesday next after the commencement of each session thereof; and the faid governor and council, who shall have been elected and appointed next preceding the commencement of this act, shall continue to act as such, and be wested with all the powers and authority given to them respectively by the constitution, until the appointment of a governor and council in virtue and pursuance hereof.

IV. And be it enaded, That this act shall be published for the consideration of the people at least three months previous to the next election of delegates, and if confirmed by the general assembly at their next session which shall ensure the laid general election, then this act, and the regulations herein contained, shall be taken and received as part of the constitution and form of government of this state, and everything in the said constitution and form of government to the contrary is and shall be hereby repealed.

An ACT to after such parts of the constitution and form of government subich prevent persons consciuntially seru-pulous of taking an oath from being members of the le-gistature, electors of the senate, or to hold offices of profit

BE it enalled, by the General Affembly of Maryland, That every person being a member of either of the religious seels or societies called Quakers, menonists, Tunkers or Nicolites, or New Guakers, and whofinall he confeirmiously ferupulous of taking an oath on any occasion, being otherwise qualified and duly escaled a senator, delegate, or elselor of the senate, or being otherwise qualified and duly appointed or elected to any office of profit or truth, on making affirmation inflead of taking the feveral oaths appointed by the conflitution and form of government, and the feveral acts of affembly of this state now in force, or that herezets of affembly of this state now in force, or that hereaster may be made; such person may hold and exercise any office of profit or trust to which he may be appointed or elected, and may, by such affirmation, qualify himself to take a seat in the legislature, and to act therein as a member of the same in all cases whatever, or to be an election of the sense in as full and ample a manner, to all intents and purposes whatever, as persons are now competent and qualified to act who are not conscientiously servenulous of taking such not conscientiously scrupulous of taking such

II. And be it enaffed, That if this act thall be confirmed by the general assembly, after the next election of delegates, in the first session after such new election, as the conflitution and form of government directs, that in fuch case this act, and the alterations and amendment of the conflictation and form of government therein contained, shall be taken and confidered, and shall constitute and be valid, as a part of the said con-flictation and form of government, to all intents and purposes, any thing in the said constitution and form of government contained to the contrary notwithstand-

ing.

III. And be it enaded, That the feveral clauses and sections of the conflictuous and form of government. contrary to the provisions of this act, to far as they respect either of the sects or societies associated, shall be
and are hereby declared to be repealed and annulled,
on the confirmation bereast. on the confirmation hereof.

An ACT to repeal the fortieth fedion of the constitution and form of government.

WHEREAS the fortieth fection of the conflitution by some as inconsistent with the thirtieth section of the declaration of rights, and great inconvenience and in-jury to the public and individuals may result from offorces of government heing removeable only for mis-behaviour, on conviction in a court of law; II. Be it enalled, by the General Asianhly of Maryland, That the faid fortieth section of the configuration and

form of government be repealed, and any officer men-tioned in the fame fortieth festion shall be removed for misselvation, on conviction in a court of law, and may be removed by the governor, upon the address of the general assembly, provided that two thirds of all the members of each house concur in such address.

It. This act to take place on its being confirmed by

the general affembly after the next election of delegates, in the first session after such new election, according to the constitution and form of government. the constitution and form of government.

An ACT concerning the jurisdiction of the general court. HERBAS it is declared by the bill of rights, that the trials of facts where they arise is one of the greatest freurities of facts where they arise is one of the greatest freurities of the lives, liberties, and estate of the people: And whereas the decision of causes in the general court, without very great delay and expence, is impracticable; therefore, II. Be it enabled, by the General Assembly of Maryland, That from and after the end of this define of assembly in the office of the state of the s

all actions or fuits at law whatfoever shall be com all actions or juits at law wathouter hall be com-menced, profecuted, and carried on to final judgment, in the respective county courts of the counties wherein the defendant or desendants may reside, and not else-where, and the several and respective county courts thall have full power and authority to hear and deter-sional fuch suits and actions: mins all fuch fuits and actions;

III. Provided neverthelis. That nothing contained in this act shall be construed to abridge or limit, in any manner whatever, the jurisliction, authorities and powers, of the justices of the peace, as established by the large of this direct of the peace. the laws of this flate.

IV. And be it enadled, That in all fuits or actions at law hereafter to be commenced or inflittuted in the county courts of this flate, the justices of the several county courts, upon suggestion supported by assistant, or other satisfactory proof, that any suit or action cannot be fairly or impartially tried in such county, shall and may order and direct the record of their proceedings in fuch fait or fuits to be transmitted to the iustices any adjoining county court for trial, and the juffices of such adjoining county court shall hear and determine the same in the same manner as if such suit had been originally inflituted therein; provided nevertheless, that such suggestion be made during the term next after, or in which the issue shall or may be joined in faid fuit or action.

V. And be it enalled, That any party or parties aggrieved by any judgment or determination of any counfor the recovery of any penalty, fine or damages, shall have sull power and right to appeal from such judgement or determination to the general court; provided, that we such appeal shall stay execution of a judgment against any defendant or desendants, unless bond and security be given as prescribed by the act for regulating writs of error, and granting appeals from and to the courts of common law within this province, passed at a session of assembly begun and held at the city of Annapolis the twenty-leventh day of October, in the year feventeen hundred and thirteen.

VI. And be it enaded, That if any trespass shall be committed on any real property within this state, and committed on any real property within this itee, and the person or persons committing the same shall remove from the county where such property may be, or cannot be found in such county, such trespasser way be sued in any county where he or the may be sound.

VII. And be it enaded, That if the plaintist or plaintist, defendant or desendants, in any such action of trespass, shall move the court in which such action is

brought for a warrant of refurrey, to locate the lands on which such trespals was committed, it shall and may be lawful for the court to iffue such warrant to the furveyor and flieriff of the county where such land

VIII. And be it enaded, That all warrants, process and subpoenas, issued out of any county court of this flate, directed to the fheriff, or coroner or furveyor, of any other county, shall be executed in the same manner as warrants, process or subpoenas, which have heretofore issued out of the general court of this state, and every jurisdiction or power incident thereto, and which hath or might have been exercised by the general court, or any of the officers of the same, shall and may be exencifed by the respective county courts of this state, and the officers thereof.

IX. And be it enaded, That in case any plaintiff or plaintiffs, his, her or their executors or administrators, shall think proper to issue process against any bail which have heretofore been taken in any action depending in the general court, or against the executors or administrators of such bail, the clerk of the said court, upon application of the faid plaintiff or plaintiffs, or his, her or their attorney, executors or administrators, shall or their actorney, executors or administrators, main make out and standmit to the justices of the county court in which the faid bail, or his, her or their executors or administrators, shall reside, an exemplishation of the record of the proceedings of such court, upon which all such process and proceedings shall be had in the county court, as if such bail had been originally taken therein.

X. And be it enadled, 'That in case the person or perfons who shall have become bail for any defendant or defendants in any action now depending in the general court, shall remove from, or cannot be found in, the county in which he or they resided at the time he or they become bail in such action, the county court of the said county court of the said county shall, upon the return of two nibils to any feire facias issued against such bait, and upon default of his or their appearance,

enter judgment thereupon against such bail.

XI. And be it enalled, That in case of any judgment rendered in the general court, upon which it shall be necessary to issue a feire factor to obtain the effect of the faid judgment, the clerk of the general court supon application of the plaintist or plaintists, or his or their attorney, executors or administrators, shall make out and transmit to the justices of the court of the county in which the desendant or desendants, or his, her or their executors, adminifirators or turtenants shall re-side, or in which the said defendant or desendants, his, her or their executors or adminifirators last resided. in case of removal out of the state, an exemplification of the record and proceedings of such court, upon which fall uch process proceedings shall be had in the county court, as if the original judgment had been rendered

XII. And be it enaded, That the justices of the feveral and respective county courts shall have exclusive justification and authority to try, according to law, all and every person or persons who shall have committed, or shall commit, any offence or crime whatsoever, although it may subject such person or persons to the pains of death, and upon the conviction of the offender or offenders in due course of law in the course. pains of death, and upon the conviction of the offender or offenders in due course of law in the county
court of the county in which; the crime hath been or
shall be committed, shall give judgment according to
the nature and quality of the crime or offence.

XIII. And be it enalled, That if any party presented
or indicted in any of the county courts of this state,
shall suggest to the court in which such prosecution is

depending, that a fair and impartial trial cannot be had in such court, and shall support such suggestion by assidavis, or other fatisfactory evidence, it shall and may be lawful for the said court, in their discretion, to order and direct the record of their proceedings in the said prosecution to be transmitted to the justices of any adjoining county court for trial, and the justices of such adjoining county court shall hear and determine the same in the same manner as if such prosecution had

been originally inflituted therein.

XIV: And be it enalted. That if the attorney-general, or the profecutor for the flate, shall luggest to any county court before whom an indictment is or may be depending, that the state cannot have a fair and impartial trial in fach court, it shall and may be lawful for the faid court, in their difference, to order and direct the record of their practedings in the faid profession to be

transmitted to the justices of any other county sourt for transmitted to the justices of fuch jounty sourt for trial, and the justices of fuch jounty court shall been and determine the same in the same manner as it such prosecution had been originally assumed there.

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XV. And be it enacted, That the justices of the fill county courts shall in all cases civil, to be tried before them, sign and allow bills of exceptions, where the same shall be desired by the parties, or their counsel,

or either of them.

XVI. And be it enadled, That in all cases of appeals XVI. And be it enalted, That in all cases of apprais or writs of error hereaster to be prosecuted or brought before the general court of court of appeals, as the case may be, by plaintiff or desendant, upon a bill or bills of exception, where the judgment shall be reverted, the general court, or court of appeals, shall direct that clerk to return the transcript of the record to the clerk of the county court that gave the judgment, with a writ of proceedings to such county court, directing them, in the same manner as if no trial had taken place, we any appeal had been prosecuted, or writ of error any appeal had been profecuted, or writ of errer brought, and the opinion of the general court, in case there be no appeal therefrom, or writ of error brought thereon, or the court of appeals, as the case may be shall be conclusive in law as the question by them decided; and such county court, on receiving such were of trecedendo, shall proceed in such action to a new mil of freedendo, shall proceed in such action 122 a new trial thereof, in the same manner as if no trial had taken place, or any appeal had been profecuted, or writed error brought, and shall direct such action to be tried at the court to which the said writ of pracedon's shall be returned, of the plaintiff or defendant shall givenotice of trial at such court, above thirty days before the safers a state of the safers are some or to him. notice of trial at fuch court, above thirty days being the fitting thereof, to the adverse party, or to his attorney at law or in sact, and the trial can be had at such court with justice to the parties, and if not, such action may be continued in like manner as other actions, according to the discretion of the court; and the control of the court, and the court of the co actions, according to the difference of the court; and the appellee on such reversal may be compelled to pay the costs in the general court, or court of appeals, by execution issued therefrom, returnable to the county court that gave the judgment, and all formers and all the ture costs in the county court of such action shall white the sinal event thereof, and if the appeal or error shall be made for several exceptions, the general court or courts of ampeals. Shall give judgment on exercise. courts of appeals, thall give judgment on every ex-

XVII. And be it enalled, That as foch as the leven! fuirs, prolecutions and causes, now depending in the general court of this state, shall have been heard and determined, it fit il not be lawful for the faid court to funmon any grand or petit jury upon any occasion whatfoever, any thing contained in the acts of affembly

of this state to the contrary notwithstanding.

XVIII. And be it enalled. That all acts of assembly, jurissicions and authority, repugnant to, or incos. fiftent with, the provisions of this law, are hereby re-

pealed, abrogated and annu led.

XIX. This act to be published at least three months before the next election of delegates, and to take place and he is force for the term of three years, on its being ratified and confirmed by the general affembly after the next election of delegates, in the first fession atter fuch new election, according to the contitution and form of government, any thing in the lifty fixth feetion of the faid conditution and form of government to the contrary notwithstanding.

AN AWAY on the second instant, is negro min AN AWAY on the second instant, a negro man named DANIEL, thirty years of age, free feet eight or nine inches high, stoops in his walking, and is very pert in his manner of speaking; his legs are itmarkable small, and feet very long and narrow for cas of his fize; his wool is short; had on when he made his escape a round hat, painted or tarred, a short fennough grey waistcoat, a pair of brown breeches, new yellow shoes, and a pair of white yarn stockings. He is artful and an old offender, having been two years ago on a trip of the kind, and then taken at Mr. Johnfon's, near Elk-Ridge Landing, and committed to the gaol of Baltimore-town. It is expected that he will assume the Butler name, or some other family of megroes, who, within a few years, recovered their firedom, and will endeavour to pass as such. A rewist of TWENTY DOLLARS will be paid for taking him, so that he be had again, if thirty miles from home, or FIVE POUNDS, if taken a less distance, or in the neighbourhood.

WILLIAM BROGDEN. January 5, 1795. /9

## FOR SALE,

TWO flory framed HOUSE and LOT, is Green firest, the property of Mr. William Blogs, of Cheffer town, now in the possession of Mr. WILLIAM TAYLOR, wheel-weight; the house is 21 eep, the lot is 25 feet front 70 feet deep, it is subject to a ground tent of f. 8 26 per annum. The terms of sale may be known, y. applying to

X. JOHN SHAW. Annapolis, April 22, 1795.

HAVING obtained testamentary detters on the estate of the late Mr. GEORGE MANN, we request that all persons who have claims will exhibit them, properly authenticated, as early as possible, those indebted, it is hoped, will make speedy pass.

Mr. JONATHAN PINGRET, of Robert, is utheried to act for us, his fertlements and receipts will them-

fore be fully respected, by

JOHN CALLAHAN, Executor,

MARY MANN, Executors. Annapolie, April 21, 1795.

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